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ously interferes in many cases with the necessary care and treatment of persons suffering from such afflictions; be it

"Resolved, That the American Bar Association and the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology be and they are hereby requested to take cognizance of this situation, investigate and report thereon, and if in the judgment of the members of such bodies who are constitutional lawyers the necessary power cannot be obtained without the amendment of the Constitution of the United States, the said Bar Association and the American Institute are requested to draft a form of amendment which, if finally adopted, will authorize our courts to assume jurisdiction over such afflicted persons when deemed necessary for their protection and benefit or for the public welfare."

The committee appointed to study the foregoing resolution and to report at the next meeting of the Executive Board is as follows:

Judge Hugo Pam, *ex officio*.
Judge Quincy A. Meyers, Indianapolis.
Professor Edwin R. Keedy, University of Pennsylvania.
Judge Edward Lindsey, Warren, Pennsylvania.
Mr. Burdette Lewis, Trenton, New Jersey.
Professor Robert W. Millar, Northwestern University.
Professor Herbert Harley, Northwestern University.

The president, on motion duly made and seconded, appointed the following committee to draw up appropriate resolutions relating to the life and work of our late colleague and former president, the Honorable John B. Winslow of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin:

Hon. Quincey A. Meyers, Indianapolis.
Professor Robert W. Millar, Northwestern University.

The Secretary was instructed to transmit a copy of the report of this Committee on Resolutions to the family of Judge Winslow, to the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin, and to publish the same in the JOURNAL OF CRIMINAL LAW AND CRIMINOLOGY.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

MEMORIAL

John Bradley Winslow was born in Livingston County, New York, Oct. 4, 1851, and died July 12, 1920. His family early removed to Racine, Wisconsin. He became Judge of the First District of Wisconsin in 1884 and served upon that bench until 1891, when he became Justice of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin and continued in that service until his death. Since May, 1894, he served as Chief Justice of that court. He was the third president of this institute, vitally interested in its purposes and efficient in advancing its interests. He

was one of the ablest men of his generation, a profound lawyer, a distinguished jurist, a most genial gentleman, and a whole-souled American. Notwithstanding his politics, a Democrat, he was repeatedly chosen to public place by a strong Republican electorate. We shall miss his kindly and humorous reflections, always pointed, and this Institute loses a sincere and efficient advocate; his state and the nation a great judge; his family a kind and affectionate husband and father. Judge Winslow always had opinions and expressed them with vigor and influencing argument, and we present this memorial, a wreath of mignonette, as of a savor of sweet memory of him.

QUINCEY A. MYERS,
EDWARD LINDSEY,
HERBERT HARLEY,

Committee on Memorial.

September 18, 1920.